



# Public Ledger

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.  
THOMAS A. DAVIS,  
EDITOR AND OWNER.

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WE'RE FOR AMERICA! AMERICANS!

"Believe that it is a good deal better to open up the Mills of the United States to the Labor of America than to open up the Mills of the United States to the silver of the world."—WILLIAM MCKINLEY.

It is an old law proclaimed years ago in England and by Gresham, that the cheaper dollar drives the better one out. It has been illustrated in our history repeatedly. It has been illustrated in the history of every commercial Nation in the world, and anybody of half sense should see why it is so. You might just as well say if you had two kinds of bushels, if the law should declare that sixty pounds of wheat was a bushel and thirty pounds of wheat was a bushel—well, what farmer would deliver wheat by the sixty-pound measure if he had sold by the bushel?—BENJAMIN HARRISON.

And they really say that Texas is likely to flop over to Major McKinley.

McKINLEY will carry Pennsylvania by the biggest majority ever given a Presidential candidate.

THE New York Herald's postal card vote taken in several Iowa precincts indicates a majority for McKinley in the state of 125,000.

In a speech at Columbus, Ind., Mr. CHARLES L. JEWETT of New Albany, formerly Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee of Indiana, announced himself a follower of McKinley, not on the money question only, but on the tariff question also.

THE Philadelphia Record, the well known Democratic paper, puts it this way: "In 1892 Mr. BRYAN voted for WEAVER, the Populist candidate for the Presidency. What right has he in the name of 'regularity,' to ask Democrats to vote for him in 1896? Let him gather his harvest where he has sown his seed."

DR. W. GODFREY HUNTER managed the Republican state campaign last year, and no man in the state is better posted than he. He has made an estimate of the result in Kentucky, which gives McKinley a plurality of 50,000. "There are not," says he, "over 3,000 Free-silver Republicans in the whole state. To show how their number is overestimated, I was told that there were 180 in Edmonson county. When I went to that county the other day I found that the 180 had divided down to just three. That is a sample of the way things are in other counties."

"As for the Sound Money sentiment, I find that it is growing rapidly. I spoke in Russellville, and while there I was told by sight of the leading citizens of the town that there were 400 Sound Money Democrats in Logan county, all of whom will vote against Bryan."

## The Ledger's Leaflets—No. 9.

Some well meaning people are greatly puzzled to understand why, if the silver dollar would be a 50-cent dollar under a free and unlimited coinage act, it is not a 50-cent dollar now; and why, if it is as good as a gold dollar now, it will not continue to be worth 100 cents. Republicans and gold Democrats are charged with asserting that the silver dollar now in circulation is a 50-cent dollar. They assert nothing of the kind. The present silver dollar is no more a 50-cent dollar than the present paper dollar is a 50-cent dollar; and no sound money man says that it is.

The bullion in the present silver dollar is, to be sure, worth only 50 cents. But what of that? The Government does three things for the silver dollar.

First—It pledges its faith to the holder to keep it at par with gold.

Second—It binds itself to accept it in payment of debts due the Government as the full equivalent of 100 cents in gold.

Third—It maintains at all times a sufficient gold reserve in the Treasury as a guaranty for the redemption of its promises.

Because it does these three things, it has a right to insist that the silver dollar shall be a legal tender for 100 cents measured in gold, and the power to secure its acceptance as such in business transactions between private citizens. Should it fail to do these three things, or any one of them, the legal tender act would become a dead letter, and the silver dollar would pass current at its bullion value and no more.

Now, if unlimited coinage of silver were allowed at a false ratio, that is, any ratio other than the commercial ratio, the Government could no longer redeem the silver dollar in gold, directly or indirectly. So many silver dollars would be coined that they could not be unloaded upon the Government in the payment of treasury dues. The only way in which the Government could then maintain the parity between its gold and silver coin would be by exchanging gold for silver and silver for gold on demand. To do this, a larger gold reserve would be necessary. But, instead of being larger, under free and unlimited coinage it would disappear entirely. Then the pledge of the Government to maintain the silver and the gold dollar at par with each other would become worthless, become impossible of fulfillment. That would eliminate from the silver dollar the element of credit which now attaches to it and floats it at double its intrinsic value. It would then be worth no more than it is worth as bullion, and no man would accept it in trade for more than fifty cents in gold.

When all this process of depreciation should have been gone through and the end of it reached, then, and not until then, the silver dollar would be a 50-cent dollar. The expression "a 50-cent dollar" relates exclusively to the future, not to the present current valuation of the silver dollar. It is a prophecy and a warning.

### BUCKNER AND GRANT.

#### TOUCHING INCIDENTS IN THE LIVES OF THESE SOLDIERS.

Most surely Mr. BRYAN believes in the free and unlimited coinage of wind, without waiting for the consent of any other Nation on earth.

An act of Congress can no more raise the price of silver from 66 cents an ounce to \$1.29 than it can suspend the law of gravitation.

HON. WILLIAM J. BRYAN, the silver candidate for President, will pass Vaneburg next Friday and deliver a short speech. Preparations are being made for a very large crowd, and several prominent silver Democrats have been invited to speak. Mr. HUTCHINS, Principal of the Mayville High School, might detail all half dozen of his pupils to give Mr. BRYAN a few new pointers on the money question. He has about exhausted the stock he started out with.

Send 25 to His Mother in Germany. Mr. Jacob Eberbach, who is in the employ of the Chicago Lumber Co. at Des Moines, Iowa, says: "I have just sent some medicine back to my mother in the old country, that I know from personal use to be the best medicine in the world for rheumatism, having used it in my family for several years. It is called Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It always does the work." 50 cents per bottle for sale by J. James Wood, Druggist.

The Washington Post tells of two touching incidents in the lives of General Buckner and Grant. The incident of Grant lending Buckner the \$900 occurred at Fort Donelson after the latter's surrender.

Grant and Buckner had been excellent friends at the Academy, had served in Mexico together. So when his old time friend and comrade had to meet such a terrible humiliation though it was a great bit of good fortune to Grant, and he knew it well, none the less did he soldierly, mainly assure go out in the deepest sympathy to Buckner. When his old friend came into his tent, Grant met him cordially, invited him to be his guest and some of the details of the surrender could be adjusted at Washington. Finally as Buckner was taking leave, the exchange having been arranged, Grant said, "Buckner, how are you for money? Have you enough to do you till you can hear from your people?"

"Well, I don't know. I have perhaps a hundred dollars."

"Well, you had better let me give you \$300 or \$500 more. You may need it before you can receive funds."

So Grant went to his chief commissary and borrowed \$300 in gold, which he gave his old-time friend, and after restoring his two fine-blooded saddle horses, Grant made him good-by. Buckner returned the money through a general officer who was being sent back on exchange to Grant's army, but he never forgot Grant's kindness.

Nearly a quarter of a century after the incident mentioned, when Ward had looted the Grants, the General's fortune gone, he himself slowly dying with an incurable disease, friends having fallen away, he received one morning a letter running like this:

LOUISVILLE, KY., 1885.  
My Dear General Grant: I have read with inexpressible pain in the journals of this date of the great calamities that have befallen you, the loss of your entire fortune, and the attacks made upon you by an incurable disease. As I read the dreadful news, your youthful days together came very vividly to mind. Nothing could have made me feel your terrible misfortune more deeply. My dear General, I am about to take a great liberty with you, and also to ask a great favor. The liberty is in begging your acceptance of the enclosed draft on the National Bank of New York for \$5,000—as a loan

## Capes and Jackets

We now have on sale the largest and most complete line of Capes and Jackets we have ever shown at from \$5 to \$20.

**BROWNING & CO.**

31 West Second Street, LOUISVILLE, KY.

to be returned at your own convenience. The favor is that you will draw upon me at sight for as much more—viz., \$5,000—also to be returned at your convenience, should you be in need of this sum. You may tell Mrs. Grant, but no one else, of this.

Trusting matters may not be so bad as they are depicted with you, believe me to be, my dear Grant, your faithful friend  
S. B. BUCKNER

No wonder the great heart that had met one calamity after another with a courage and heroism undimmed broke down at this. "Oh, what is it?" Mrs. Grant said, as she heard a sob burst from her husband's throat and saw his face buried in his hands. "What more can have happened?" He silently passed General Buckner's letter to her. Of General Grant's wealthy friends, this one, the ex-rebel, was the first, and so far as the world knows, the only one to respond in any such fashion.

"But, then, this is Buckner's way," said General Grant afterward, speaking of it to some friends. "He never does things like any one else." By this it may be seen the reason that among the very last visitors the dying ex-President received at Mount McGregor was General Buckner, and in writing a list of his pallbearers General Buckner was included. No kindness ever done him touched General Grant, sick, broken as he was, as did this unasked for loan from his old time friend in his hour of greatest need.

TO OBTAIN A GOLD IN ONE DAY.  
Take a sure Home-Quinine Tablets. All druggists return the money if it fails to cure. 50c.

## NATIONAL DEMOCRACY.



As long as there are 7,500 Democrats who have not bowed the knee to the false god of Populism, then 7,500 constitute the Democratic party, though six million traitors say no—Louisville Post.

(The former Democratic party of this city having joined the Populist party, THE LEXON, the only Sound Money paper now printed in Louisville, cheerfully tenders this column for use of the old-time Jeffersonian Democrats.)

### National Democratic Appointments.

Speakers have been assigned as follows by the State Campaign Committee of the National Democratic party:

PERM—Saturday, October 8th.  
Ashland—Wednesday, October 8th.  
Mt. Sterling—Wednesday, October 8th.

W. C. P. BRECKINRIDGE.  
Carlisle—Wednesday, October 8th.

JOHN M. ATHONTON.  
Carlisle—Wednesday, October 8th.

BOTO WINCHESTER.  
Mayville—September 28th.  
Adrian—September 28th.  
Winchester—October 10th.

In a recent letter to the manufacturers Mr. W. F. Benjamin, Editor of The Spectator, Randolph, N. Y., says: "It may be a pleasure to you to know the high esteem in which Chamberlain's medicines are held by the people of your own state, where they must be best known."

An aunt of mine, who resides at Dexter, Iowa, was about to visit me a few years since, and before leaving home wrote me, asking if they were sold here, stating if they were not she would bring a quantity with her, as she did not like to be without them. The medicines referred to are Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, famous for its cures of colds and croup; Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism, lame back, pains in the side and chest, and Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for bowel complaints. These medicines have been in constant use in Iowa for almost a quarter of a century. The people have learned that they are articles of great worth and merit, and are unopposed by any other. They are sold here by J. James Wood, Druggist.

## RIDING ON THE RAIL!

What the Great Steel Highways Offer to Travelers.



Kentucky Trailing Horse Breeders' Association.

On above routes the L. & N. Railroad will sell round-trip tickets to Lexington October 15th to 16th at \$8.00. Return limit October 17th.

Louisville Races.

On above route the L. & N. will sell round trip tickets to Louisville September 27th to October 3d at one fare plus \$1 for admission. Return limit October 3d.

Cheap Homeseekers' Excursions.

On August 15th, September 1st, 15th and 29th and October 9th and 23d the Missouri Pacific Railway and Iron Mountain House will have on sale from St. Louis round-trip homeseekers' tickets to points in Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Utah, Arkansas, Texas and Louisiana at rate of one fare plus 25c. Tickets good 21 days from date of sale with privilege of stopping at the point prior to the last. Max. fare complete and full particulars mailed on application. Address N. R. Warwick, Agent, 311 Vine Street, Cincinnati, O.

## The Mountain Resorts of Colorado.

Greatly reduced round-trip rates to Colorado and the summer resorts of the Rocky Mountains via the favorite Colorado Short Line of the Missouri Pacific Railway. Summer tourists tickets now on sale with limit until October 1st returning. Special excursions have been authorized for numerous excursions which will be held in Colorado during the summer. Through solid trains equipped with Pullman, Palace Buffet Sleeping-cars and handsome Free Reading & Chaperon without charge. St. Louis to Pueblo, Colorado, via Montezuma, New Mexico. For time-tables, resort books and full information address N. R. Warwick, Agent, 311 Vine Street, Cincinnati, O.

## CANCER

Wanted—An Idea

Who can think of a better way to cure cancer than by using the "Cancer Cure" of Dr. J. C. Williams, 1414 Plum Street, Cincinnati, O.

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Who can think of a better way to cure cancer than by using the "Cancer Cure" of Dr. J. C. Williams, 1414 Plum Street, Cincinnati, O.

## No Charge!

We are authorized to announce THOMAS L. BEST as a candidate for Sheriff at the November election, 1896, subject to the action of the party.

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## WANT

Are the Negroes Who Emigrated to Far-Away Liberia.

Sad Story of the Misery and Hunger Suffered by the Colored People

Who Sailed From Savannah, Ga., to Try Their Fortunes in the Black Republic—Many Entertained Curious Hope by Fever-Misleading Assurances.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 29.—Among the passengers on the steamer Westland, from Liverpool, were six colored people, who were overjoyed at finding themselves again in the United States. They were Taylor Smith, of Forest City, Ark., his wife and two children and two friends, and they all had a sad story to tell of the want, misery and hunger suffered by the Negro colonists who sailed from Savannah in the *Laurada* last March to try their fortunes in the Black republic of Liberia.

From the day they landed at Monrovia, Mr. Smith and his family and the others were unable to get an hour's work of any kind.

Twenty-five acres of ground were given them by the Liberian government, but there were no houses to shelter them or their families.

Soon after their arrival the rainy season began, and with it came the malarial fever called by the natives "John Bull fever," which carried away 10 of the newcomers, among whom was one of Mr. Smith's children.

The disease was still doing its deadly work when he left for the United States.

Mr. Smith stated that nearly one-half of the 300 persons who sailed from Savannah to Liberia, which left Savannah on the 15th of March, had died. The dead were buried along the shore, and he took with him \$800, which enabled him to return to Liberia. When he left, old friends had asked and he had been told that the country was rich and that the people were well off. He had been told that the country was rich and that the people were well off.

President Cheeseman, of Liberia, and the missionaries did all they could for the unfortunate, but the returned colonists said, like everybody else, they had very little money, no food and no work for them.

## THE FACTORY

In Front of Which Hyran Spoke While in Salem, Mass., Burned—A Stupendous Tragedy.

ROCHESTER, Sept. 29.—There was much surprise in the Hyran party when news reached it Monday morning of the burning of the factory of the Hyran party. The factory, which was owned by W. H. Burns & Co., on Salem Square, Worcester, was the building on which was displayed, last Friday, during Mr. Hyran's speech directly in front of it, a large American flag bearing Maj. McKim's portrait, and an eagle with a banner in its beak. The police have been making efforts to secure the original of the dispatch sent from Worcester to Mr. Hyran, expressing gratification that the factory had been burned, but the telegraph company has thus far declined to surrender it. Mr. Hyran refused to discuss the matter Monday morning.

## A POLITICAL DISCUSSION

Results in Two Murders Near Gray, Va.—Aged a Brother's Death.

GRAY, Va., Sept. 29.—Late Monday night a crowd of Negro citizens was returning home from a political meeting, when a heated discussion arose over the financial question. John Roberts struck "Doc" Estep a blow on the head with a cane. Estep in return drew a revolver and shot Roberts three times, killing instant death King Roberts, a brother of John, on hearing of the murder, procured a Winchester rifle and started in pursuit of Estep. Estep was overtaken within 100 feet of his house by King, who fired two shots at him. The last one struck him in the breast, killing him. King is yet at large. The men were all farmers and were well known in this section.

## Paymaster Shot and Robbed.

SEATTLE, W. Va., Sept. 29.—W. L. Wilson, paymaster for the Longdale Iron Co., was shot and robbed on the Mann's Creek railway. He was on his way to pay the miners the money and was attacked by Joseph Thompson, an employee of the Longdale Co., who held up the train. He seized the money and ran. Wilson fired after him. Thompson returned the fire with fatal effect. Wilson died Sunday night. A reward of \$500 has been offered by Fayette county and one of \$300 by the Longdale Iron Co. for the apprehension of Thompson.

## The Car Grosse Shooting.

BALLAVER, Scotland, Sept. 29.—The weather was bad Monday night, but the car took advantage of the opportunity to go out on a grouse shooting trip. The car and driver were shot at by a party of the south, en route for Paris, where they are expected to arrive on the morning of October 6.

## The Cincinnati on the Way to the Mediterranean.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—The cruiser Cincinnati reported at Ponta Delgada, island of San Miguel, Azores, Sunday, and left there Monday morning for her way to join the squadron in the Mediterranean for duty in Turkish waters.

## Weather Breaks Weather.

CHICAGO, Sept. 29.—The weather bureau Monday afternoon issues the following bulletin: Dangerous north-easterly gales on Lake Michigan Monday evening and Monday night.

## Artist Crowned in Hot.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—Fred Bernard, the artist of Birmingham, who has been named to die in bed. It is supposed that the bedclothes caught fire while he was smoking.

## SUIT FOR LAND.

The Homes of Hundreds of People in East Canada, Kentucky, Jailed. FRANKFORT, Ky., Sept. 29.—One of the largest land suits filed in a quarter of a century was begun in the United States circuit court here Monday morning. It involves almost all the land in Knox county and the titles to the homes of several hundred people. The suit brought under an old act passed when Kentucky was a part of Virginia.

The patent was granted at Richmond, February 18, 1790.

There are three separate suits, the first styled: "Thomas Mann Talbot and 40 other complainants against John Baker and 87 defendants," the second, "Ellis G. Goodwin and 10 other complainants against William Gilbert and 30 defendants," the third, "John Weislinger and five complainants against Lawrence H. Caleb and 30 defendants."

The complainants are all non-residents. Clerk Chapman has issued process and sent word to Marshall Baker, who will serve notice on the defendants.

Should the suit be gained against the defendants, the complainants would have a hard time getting possession of the land. The complainants, who would defend their houses until dead.

Troops would probably have to be called to evict them.

The land used for lying along the Cumberland river and on Goose, Richard and Stinking creeks.

## PALACE FOR A TOMB.

J. W. Mackey Contracts for a \$400,000 Mausoleum.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Sept. 29.—Col. M. Muldoon has returned from New York, where he entered into a contract with J. W. Mackey, the Louisville millionaire, for the building of a magnificent mausoleum, in Greenwood cemetery, New York, over the grave of his son. The design is to be the most elegant structure of the kind in the United States, and will cost about \$400,000.

The design was made in this city and sent to Mr. Mackey's wife in Paris and accepted by her. The mausoleum will be built of granite, while the interior will be of the finest marble and onyx. It will have numerous pieces of statuary and elegant altars for the celebration of mass.

## REBEL BANDS

Make Attacks Upon the Spanish Troops Along the Line on the Western Trocha.

HAVANA, Sept. 29.—On Friday night last rebel bands made attacks upon the Spanish troops along the western trocha. They were driven off in some places, while in others they retired of their own accord. The Spanish troops were reinforced next night with the same result. It is believed the rebels had no intention of crossing the trocha, but they made the attacks to harass the troops.

A rebel band has burned the Buena Ventura sugar estate in the province of Matanzas.

## TO HUNT TORPEDO BOATS.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—The Bath Iron works of Maine will build two of the 30-knot torpedo boats, and the Union Iron works of San Francisco, the remaining one; Wolff & Zwicker of Portland, Ore., two 23-knot boats, and the Little Rock boat, Harter & Hoff will have three, Colombian Iron works of Baltimore two, and Hillman Bros. of Philadelphia one. This is the decision finally reached by Chief Constructor Higginson and Engineer in Chief Melville to whom the numerous and complicated bids opened September 11 were referred.

## MINISTERS DONALD III.

SOUTHAMPTON, Sept. 29.—Mr. Alexander McDonald, of Virginia, the United States minister to Berlin, who arrived on September 28 from the United States on board the American line steamship New York, was dangerously ill with bronchitis during the voyage and is now lying in the Southampton hotel under the care of a physician. Monday, however, he was somewhat improved in health.

## A Negro Shot to Death.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 29.—Helen Boone (colored) was shot to death by a party of citizens at this place early Sunday morning. Harris had raised a disturbance and when Tony Marshall, a colored man, ordered him to desist the Negro shot at the officer. Citizens, enraged at the assassination of David Silver a few hours before by a Negro, ridiculed Boone's body with bullets.

## The Bullet Felled on His Head.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Sept. 29.—Monday morning Albert Hughes, alias Manuel dego, colored, was shot by Sgt. Nat. A. Well-known citizen, while attempting to burglarize the latter's residence. The ball from a 45-caliber pistol, fired at a distance of 18 feet, struck the Negro in the back of the head and flattened out like a piece of leather.

## Cyclone Tows Inundated.

CITY OF MEXICO, Sept. 29.—The west coast of Mexico has been visited by a tremendous storm which has caused great damage and loss of life. The town of Altata, port of the state of Sinaloa, is inundated and the capital city, Culiacan, has suffered severely. Many small towns have been flooded.

## Sail Grosse Coming.

HAVANA, Sept. 29.—The course of cyclonic disturbance that has been prevailing here indicates that it will strike the Gulf coast of the United States between Mobile and Galveston.

## Tom Watson Threatened.

ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 29.—Tom Watson has received the following letter from an unknown source ordering him to get off the populist ticket. The letter purported to come from California.

## A Bank Closes.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—The first national bank of Springfield, N. Y., has closed, owing to a run and inability to convert securities into cash.

## CIGAR TRADE.

Report of President Perkins, of International Cigarmakers.

The Amount of Wages Paid Out Per Year is \$41,767,980.

The Value of the Product is \$109,370,750—Since Last Report \$4,000,000 Had to Be Adjusted, Involving 7,714 Members and 6,612 Nonmembers.

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 29.—At the afternoon's session of the International Cigarmakers' union President Perkins read his report, which was an exhaustive one. The report shows that the cigar trade has not materially improved, although there has been a slight increase in the output. The total amount of wages paid out per year is \$41,767,980 and the value of the product is \$109,370,750.

During the past three years the receipts of the international officers were \$87,101, and the expenses \$83,574, leaving a balance of \$3,527 in the treasury. The larger items of the expense were salaries of clerks, organizers, label agitators and printing of the Journal and annual reports.

Since the last report the international union had 48 difficulties to adjust, which involved 1,774 members and 3,413 nonmembers. One hundred and seventy-nine of these were adjusted successfully, 18 compromised, 30 declared off, 87 disapproved and 44 are still in progress.

Of the remainder 51 were lost outright, 19 in the cause removed, and 40 were ended by members obtaining employment elsewhere. The strike expense during this period was \$113,461. President Perkins advocates an increase in rates of five cents per week, which would add nearly \$5,000 to the yearly income, and also advocates a federation of labor unions which shall recognize the autonomy of each component part, and also an eight-hour day, with a Saturday holiday, or a six-hour day without the holiday.

## HORRIBLE DEATH

Of Three of the Crew of the British Steamship *Syracuse*, and a Stowaway. CHATEAU, Pa., Sept. 29.—Three of the crew and a stowaway of the Irish British steamship *Syracuse*, Capt. Simmons from Philadelphia, for Norfolk, Va., met a horrible death Monday night while the steamer was lying off the quarantine station in the Delaware river.

The killed are: Alfred T. Beck, first mate; Hans Jagger, fireman; Fred Hilder, a sailor; unknown man, a stowaway.

The men in lowering a barrel of oil into the hold of the vessel accidentally started a fire. The stowaway, another barrel of oil, struck a match and ignited the fluid. The hold of the vessel was soon filled with flames. The crew were unable to get the fire under control and the vessel was forced to return to Philadelphia. The bodies of the three men and the stowaway were recovered from the hold.

## BICYCLE RACES.

Johnnie Makes the Fastest Mile Ever Made in a Public Exhibition.

TAMMARTON, N. J., Sept. 29.—The L. A. W. meet Monday was a great success. Seven thousand people were present. John E. Johnson, paced by two quads and a triplet, went a mile against time. He covered the distance in 1:47. This is the fastest time ever made in public exhibition.

Little Jimmy Michael succeeded in breaking the five mile record against time. He was paced by two quads and a triplet. The first mile was made in 1:33; second 3:30; third 5:31; fourth 7:33; fifth 9:31-45. Several accidents occurred, most serious being that which befell Otto Zeigler, of San Jose, Cal., who fell from his wheel and broke his left arm.

## MINE ACCIDENT.

One Man Killed and a Large Number of the Crew of the Steamship Injured. PHOENIX ARIZ., Sept. 29.—A. L. White, chief of the United States weather bureau in this city, was killed and a number of his companions seriously injured in an accident Monday afternoon at the Congress mine, 60 miles north of Phoenix. The party was ascending the incline on a dump train when the cars left the track near the 1,300 foot level and was piled up in a wreck.

Most of the victims were killed or mangled with broken limbs while others were down with the cars and were badly crushed and bruised.

## Dr. Johnson's Cures.

DECATUR, Ga., Sept. 29.—Monday afternoon Dr. Johnson, one of the best known physicians in the county, shot Geo. R. Henry, a prominent business man, and fired two shots at his wife. He surrendered himself to the authorities and was locked up. No reason is known for the act. Mr. Johnson's wounds are not considered dangerous but it is thought that Henry can not live.

## The Leavitts Strike.

LEADERS, Cal., Sept. 29.—The conference committee has not yet announced a decision. The report was current Monday morning that the committee had decided to continue the strike, but this remains unconfirmed. The belief is growing that the committee will finally decide to call the strike off, but the mine operators have not received any intimation of the intention.

## Col. Rhodes to Retire.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—Col. Francis W. Rhodes, brother of Cecil Rhodes, who was one of the members of the Johannesburg reform committee sentenced to death for treason and a section against the Transvaal, but who was subsequently pardoned, will retire from the British army.

## The Walcotts Weddings.

HAN HARBOR, Me., Sept. 29.—Hon. W. C. Whitney, former secretary of the navy, will be married at St. Lawrence Episcopal church here Tuesday, to Mrs. E. B. Randolph, of New York, to whom he was reported to be engaged last summer.

## KENTUCKY NEWS.

The Latest News From All Parts of the Commonwealth.

## SAW HIM KILLED.

Charles Herman Deane, that David Rogers was not an Assassin's Son (Over). VANCEBURG, Ky., Sept. 29.—Murder, not accident is now said to have caused the death of David H. Rogers, whose body was found to pieces by a C. & O. freight train at Market street, September 18. Monday morning Chas. Harmon, of Quincy, wrote Mr. Rogers that he had seen Rogers murdered and placed on the track.

A bloody club and a bloody cigar have been found in a yard very near the point where the body was found. It is also remembered that only a small amount of blood was found where the body lay. The body was also found when found, nor was there any blood on any part of the cars that struck him.

## BROTHERS BREAK JAIL.

Made a Ladder and Escaped Kentucky Penitentiary Walls.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Sept. 29.—John and George Reeves, who were in the Kentucky penitentiary, escaped Monday night at 1 o'clock. The prisoners had been employed in the chair shops and had made a ladder and scaled the walls, letting themselves down with a rope on the other side. A posse is in hot pursuit. The prisoners are brothers and were sent up for arson and house-breaking for 11 years.

## A Louisville Crash.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Sept. 29.—The W. T. Payne Mill and Supply Co., doing business at Thirteenth and Main streets, made an assignment Monday afternoon to W. Breuninger & Co., has been a bookkeeper for the company. The assignment was made by W. T. Payne, president, and R. S. Johnson, secretary. This company is a large plant for the manufacture of mill supplies, and has been doing a business of \$100,000 a year.

## After Ruffalo's Leap.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Sept. 29.—It leaked out Monday night that Judge H. Marshall Buford, Lexington's city solicitor, will be asked to resign at a meeting of the city council Wednesday night. If he refuses, impeachment charges will be brought against him, and sensational statements will be made. It was judge of the common pleas court when that office was abolished.

## The Pepper Horse Sale.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Sept. 29.—Horsemen have begun to come from all directions to attend the big P. P. Pepper horse sale, at the Pepper-Elliott farm. The celebrated owner and several hundred good horses, including a number of noted ones, will be sold. It is said to be one of the greatest sales ever held in the United States.

## Over-Production of Tobacco.

ASHLAND, Ky., Sept. 29.—The example of the Montgomery county tobacco raisers in adopting resolutions protesting against the planting of a tobacco crop the coming year will probably be followed generally in this end of the state, where, of late years, the over-production and consequent loss of price, have been the rule.

## Race War at Frankfort Threatened.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Sept. 29.—Negroes have begun to come from all directions to attend the big P. P. Pepper horse sale, at the Pepper-Elliott farm. The celebrated owner and several hundred good horses, including a number of noted ones, will be sold. It is said to be one of the greatest sales ever held in the United States.

## Reckless Return From the East.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Sept. 29.—Gen. Simon Bolivar Buckner returned from the east Monday night. He goes to his home in Hart county, Ky., to await assignments from the national democratic executive committee. Gen. Buckner's next appointments will probably be as commander of the Missouri.

## Brantley is Contender.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Sept. 29.—Hon. C. J. Branton claims 66-3 votes, with 35 second instructions in the Frankfort convention of silver democrats. He will be backed by Senator Blackburn and expects to be nominated for congress.

## Crop Shooters Fined.

GEORGETOWN, Ky., Sept. 29.—The police raided a colored crop gang at Will's place, near Georgetown, and captured 15 players. Thirteen of them were Monday morning fined \$20 and costs each.

## Pardoned Before Imprisoned.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Sept. 29.—Acting Gov. Worthington pardoned R. W. Jordan Combs, sentenced for one year from Perry county, charged with perjury. He had not yet reached the penitentiary.

## Large Tobacco Barn Burned.

VERMILION, Ky., Sept. 29.—J. B. Howard's large tobacco barn here, containing 7,000 pounds of tobacco and crop of hay, burned. Loss, \$1,000; insured for \$500.

## Death of A. G. Hanson.

RICHMOND, Ky., Sept. 29.—A. G. Hanson, aged 68, died at Heron Monday afternoon. He was one of the founders of Beres college.

## Waited Until the Last Hour.

LOUISVILLE, Ind., Sept. 29.—Charles Logan, a brakeman, has been charged with the death of a woman at a train. He had not yet reached the penitentiary.

## Faithfully Injured by a Mail Bag.

VALPARAISO, Ind., Sept. 29.—James Jones, aged 70 years, was standing in the rear of a mail bag when it was struck on the head by a mail sack thrown from a passenger train. He died half an hour later.

## Threatened a Bail.

TELE. CITY, Ind., Sept. 29.—At a political rally and dance at Jilrenbach's Grove a number of lights took place. A fire broke out, and the loss was in the left side.



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He has the largest and most complete line in the city to select from, and the price is not in it, considering the style, make and finish of the buggy. . . . He is offering a handsome Quarter-sawn Oak BEDROOM SET, (6 pieces) Hand-Polished, at \$44.50; also, a Mahogany PARLOR SUIT, (6 pieces) Upholstered in best Brocade, at \$40, which is a bargain. . . . It will pay you to call and inspect my stock of Furniture.

## HENRY ORT,

No. 11 East Second Street, MAYSVILLE, KY.

## SEASONABLE DRY GOODS,

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS,

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THE LEDGER'S printing machines, big and little, can save you money!

As to quality of work may be seen from the fact that the Ledger's printing has been the best work in the Northwest Kentucky.

As to quality of work may be seen from the fact that the Ledger's printing has been the best work in the Northwest Kentucky.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

## Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE



[The Editor of THE LANCET is not responsible for opinions expressed by Correspondents; but any person will be admitted to these columns.]

Correspondents will please send letters to the Editor of THE LANCET, 1, Abchurch Lane, London, E.C. 4, as far as possible. We want news in this department, and not advertising notices or political orations.

### OUR AGENTS.

The following are authorized Agents for THE PEACOCK LAMPS in their respective localities:  
Atlanta—Frank W. Harris.  
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Boston—W. J. Jackson.  
Cincinnati—Mrs. Jennie Stewart.  
Cleveland—E. J. & F. W. Murphy.  
Dallas—Joseph W. Williams.  
Denver—C. C. Moore.  
Detroit—J. H. Hunter.  
Houston—J. H. Hunter.  
Los Angeles—J. H. Hunter.  
New York—J. H. Hunter.  
Philadelphia—J. H. Hunter.  
Pittsburgh—J. H. Hunter.  
Portland—J. H. Hunter.  
San Francisco—J. H. Hunter.  
Seattle—J. H. Hunter.  
St. Louis—J. H. Hunter.  
Wash. D. C.—J. H. Hunter.

### PLUMVILLE PICKINGS.

What Our Good Friends Have Been Doing Since Our Last Report.

The Democrats met here Friday night to organize a Sewall, Watson and Bryan Club. Dr. Outman was made secretary, and it is an un-likely number, was mustered. About 25 Republicans were in and around the house, and served to hold down the enthusiasm. Dr. Outman, seeing the thing was going by default, threw up his office, and a young renegade Republican was put in his place. In accepting this responsible position by the new Secretary he proceeded to tell what he knew about the financial affairs of this country, which he was through, was about as clear as a mud hole after a lot of ducks had stepped in. About this time the door opened and the tall and commanding form of Commodore Thomas V. P. Slatery was seen to enter and walk up the aisle of the schoolhouse. Dead silence reigned at this time, for not a man in the house knew the new owner except he, who, out of the pure courtesy, told some of the boys that it was Tom Slatery of Mayville. He then took the floor, and from half past 7 o'clock until 9 in the morning or just as the children began to come for day-out of school, the all-famous whoppers that mortal man ever heard. What he said that fifteen years ago, under Republican rule, last around Mayville was worth \$100 per acre, but today, under the "infernal dog standard," \$20 would be a good price. Here Dave Polly, who had been trying to get a little sleep on the side of the schoolhouse, fell off, and an waking up was after midnight and Dave said, "I have heard enough of these lies," and actually showed his contempt for the court by leaving for home. About the time the honor, Mr. Slatery, had reached the late bond issues, and thinking that the Republicans were all gone or asleep was about to make them responsible for the set, when some one came from among the benches, "Tom, you ain't going to lay that on the Republicans are you? Well, I bet, Cleveland and Carlisle done that." (Applause from the Republican side.) Here the speaker jumped onto the bench, and with his feet, and the way he tramped him was a sight to the onlookers. From this time until we left—what was late in the night, the honor, Mr. Slatery, and the Republicans came in for about an equal amount of scolding and abuse. He said that Cleveland and Secretary Carlisle had sold out, that Abraham Lincoln was not a Republican. This I thought the most unkind of all. Here the speaker said that he would be back next Saturday night to organize for Palmer and Buckner.

### LETTER FROM AUGUSTA.

How the Political Pot Boils in the Capital City of a Democratic Stronghold.

Correspondence Public Ledger.

ACQUITA, Ky., September 29th.  
Hon. Charles Finley, Secretary of State, delivered a telling address at Russell Hall Saturday night for McKinley. Protection, Pugh and Sound Money. He was the third speech made to the Republicans here last week.

The Republicans of old Bracken have buckled on their armor and are making a gallant fight in behalf of that policy which will bring prosperity to our people and open again the wheels of progress revolving, that were made as solid as the tomb by the damnable and destructive Free Trade Wilson Bill. To the ranks of honest money and good Government have been added some of the best men (former Democrats) of the community, and notwithstanding reports to the contrary (when the sun has sunk behind the Western hills) on the 31st of next November the valiant work of liberty-loving people of our country will not have been in vain. The local Free-Republicans, as elsewhere, are claiming the country by an unheeded majority, but they will be the worst fooled set that ever tried the second time to bounce the people.

Next Wednesday night, 30th inst. Hon. W. W. Dickerson speaks here in the interest of Palmer and Buckner. The Western people are lost because they are not looking to years past, when

## M. CAMBON,

The French Ambassador, Has an Audience With the Sultan.

He Acquaints His Majesty With the Feeling in Europe Against Him.

M. Cambon Demanded the Release of Innocent Persons, the Closing of the Armenian Assembly and Needed Reforms, Which Was Promised.

PARIS, Sept. 29.—A dispatch to the Temps from Constantinople says that M. Cambon, the French ambassador, has informed his colleagues that during his audience with the sultan on Friday last, he acquainted his majesty with the uneasiness that the recent anarchy in Constantinople is causing in Europe. He declared that a repetition of the disorder would lead Europe to intervene in consequence of the danger to which foreigners would be exposed. He advised the sultan to exercise clemency to bring about the pacification of the Armenians and to differentiate the peaceful masses from the revolutionary element.

M. Cambon further stated that he had demanded the release of thousands of innocent persons who were in prison, the convoking of the Armenian assembly for the election of a patriarch and the execution of the reforms that had been promised by his majesty. It is stated that the sultan promised to convene the assembly and to extend the promised reforms to the whole empire.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 29.—The Porte has issued a statement rejoicing at the apparent reaction in some of the London newspapers against the excessive anti-Ottoman agitation in Great Britain, which it declares is answerable for the terror in Constantinople, the foreign residents naturally joining the wrath of the Mussulmans at the insults at the sultan, uttered by the speakers at the public meetings and by the journals of England.

"Despite their organized agitation, vituperation and clamorous provocation emanating from London that the Porte has succeeded by dint of energy and watchfulness in proving to Europe that the alarm of its English insurers is unfounded. The Porte does not as yet feel the British action, for which it has the highest regard, with the agitation of a few hot-headed politicians who are to attract by their passions. A delegation of the European nations will be more than the vociferation of foreign help the people to protect foreigner and Turkish subjects in the capital against the plots of Armenian revolutionists."

### EUGENE V. DESS

Addressed a Large Audience at Dallas, Tex., on the Labor Problem.

DALLAS, Tex., Sept. 29.—Fully 8,000 people tried to hear Eugene V. Dess, labor agitator, who spoke here last night but not more than one-third of them could get into the city hall auditorium and the balance were away disappointed. Mr. Dess' utterances were temperate and with moderation. He said not a word on partisan politics, although frequently interrupted by the Pullman strike, his subsequent imprisonment and the present condition of labor, which he pictured as deplorable. He advocated the abolition of child labor, the extension of suffrage to women, the corporate reform of the referendum in our electoral system and the selection of all of the officials of the government, including members of the supreme court, by a direct vote of the people.

### DEED OF TRUST

Filed at St. Louis by the St. Louis & San Francisco Railway Co. to Secure the Payment of \$500,000.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 29.—The St. Louis & San Francisco Railway Co., Monday filed in the recorder's office here a deed of trust on all the property of the company to secure the payment of \$500,000 in 4 per cent bonds. The bonds are to be paid in gold coin of the United States of the present weight and fineness. There are 50,000 bonds of the denomination of \$1,000 each and they mature in 100 years. The trustees for the mortgage are the Merchants Trust Co. of New York, and Paschal P. Carr, of St. Louis. The bonds will be known as consolidated 4 per cent.

The Sultan's Vessel.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—Lord Geo. Hamilton, secretary of state for India has written a letter on the Turkish question. An extract from this letter is believed to be indicative of Great Britain's views on the subject. The writer says that Turkey has been kept together and that her dissolution must result in the aggrandizement of Russia, whose vessel the sultan now virtually is.

Facilities in a Hotel Fire.

SPOKANE, Wash., Sept. 29.—At Durke, Ida., the Tiger hotel, a number of warehouses and small buildings were destroyed by fire. Wm. O'Mara was suffocated to death. R. L. Earle and Joe. Coburn fatally burned, and Annie Johnson, Martin McCallie, L. Smith and Abel Danielson seriously scorched and bruised. All were guests at the hotel. The property loss will reach \$25,000.

The Sultan's Vessel Deposition.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—The Daily News Tuesday publishes a dispatch from Constantinople saying that the sultan has called his second wife and a number of palace courtiers on suspicion that they were plotting with the heir to the throne and his brother, the ex-Sultan Murad, to depose him.

To Withstand Popular Candidates.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Sept. 29.—Chairman Parker, of the popular state central committee, said Monday that the popular would withdraw every candidate for congress in the state except those in the First and Fourth districts.

## CONDENSED NEWS

Debarred From All Parts of the Country by Telegraph.

A combination of British coal operators has been affected with the object of limiting the output.

All the train dispatchers of the Canadian Pacific railroad system were ordered out on strike Monday night.

The steamship La Bretagne, which arrived from Havre Monday, brought \$200,000 in gold consigned to Leonard Foran.

Chancellor McGill Monday appointed Albert A. Wall receiver for the Connecticut Cattle Co. of Jersey City, N. J., at the request of the stockholders.

The school board of Buffalo Center, Winnebago county, Ia., have decided to burn corn for fuel. The local price ten cents a bushel, makes it 50 per cent cheaper than coal.

At San Francisco F. C. Krafts and George Dixon of Bay City, wheelmen, lowered the five-mile tandem road record by nearly two minutes, placing the figure at 10:45.

An embankment of earth on Fifth avenue, New York, caved in Monday morning, killing Patrick Quinn and injuring John Newham, a laborer, who was digging a trench.

John Costello leaped from a burning building at the corner of Ninth and Chestnut streets, St. Louis, early Monday and was killed. Costello was once a convict, having been imprisoned on Broome street, New York.

The New York democratic state committee Monday night nominated William F. Porter for governor and Frederick Schaub for lieutenant governor. This action became necessary by the withdrawal of Hon. John Boyd Thacher from the head of the ticket.

The boldest jail delivery that has ever occurred in that section was committed at the county jail at Newburg, N. Y., Saturday night. Six desperate convicts brutally assaulted Warden Reed and relieving him of his keys and revolver, made their escape from the prison.

A freight train on the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railroad was wrecked at Wilton, Mo., Monday by a misplaced switch. Fireman Wm. Blake was buried under the engine and killed, and Engineer John Evans was injured. The switch had been thrown by some unknown miscreant.

Miss Clara Barton, of the Red Cross society, left Newport, R. I., Monday afternoon for Meriden, Ct., accompanied by Mr. Pullman, of her party, and Miss Almon, whose guest she has been here. At Meriden the work of preservation of the publication of her report on the relief work in Armenia will be pushed as rapidly as possible.

Harold of lawyer A. T. Gray, of Boston, and one of the prominent young men of Hyde Park, has disappeared. For some years he has been standing for the election of the American Wringer Co., of New York. He is charged by the company with having embezzled \$25,000 in funds, a shortage being placed at from \$20,000 to \$25,000.

The Blair county (Pa.) court Monday morning appointed E. S. Patterson receiver of the Altam, Clearfield and Northern Railroad Co. The outstanding liabilities aggregating \$100,000, the managers were unable to pay the operating expenses. The road was intended at the time of its original construction to connect the Allegheny and Clearfield counties between the Pennsylvania and Beech Creek systems.

Woonsocket, R. I., Sept. 29.—Hughes & Co.

New York, Sept. 29.—John W. Wanner, of Philadelphia, has bought the Blair county (Pa.) road and fixtures of the Blair, Hughes & Co., and will begin business in the big Third street store almost immediately.

Forecast for Tuesday.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—For Ohio—Generally cloudy, with rain, clear, fresh and brisk westerly wind, temperature variable. For Kentucky—Rain, followed by fair, clear, fresh and brisk westerly wind, warmer in western portion; variable winds. For Indiana—Rain, followed by clearing, clear, warm; variable quick shifting southeasterly.

## THE MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 29.  
FLOUR—Spring patent, \$2.00; spring family, \$1.90; extra, \$1.80; first, \$1.70; second, \$1.60; third, \$1.50; fourth, \$1.40; fifth, \$1.30; sixth, \$1.20; seventh, \$1.10; eighth, \$1.00; ninth, \$0.90; tenth, \$0.80; eleventh, \$0.70; twelfth, \$0.60; thirteenth, \$0.50; fourteenth, \$0.40; fifteenth, \$0.30; sixteenth, \$0.20; seventeenth, \$0.10; eighteenth, \$0.05; nineteenth, \$0.02; twentieth, \$0.01.  
WHEAT—No. 1, \$1.00; No. 2, \$0.95; No. 3, \$0.90; No. 4, \$0.85; No. 5, \$0.80; No. 6, \$0.75; No. 7, \$0.70; No. 8, \$0.65; No. 9, \$0.60; No. 10, \$0.55; No. 11, \$0.50; No. 12, \$0.45; No. 13, \$0.40; No. 14, \$0.35; No. 15, \$0.30; No. 16, \$0.25; No. 17, \$0.20; No. 18, \$0.15; No. 19, \$0.10; No. 20, \$0.05.  
CORN—No. 1, \$0.50; No. 2, \$0.45; No. 3, \$0.40; No. 4, \$0.35; No. 5, \$0.30; No. 6, \$0.25; No. 7, \$0.20; No. 8, \$0.15; No. 9, \$0.10; No. 10, \$0.05.  
SOYBEANS—No. 1, \$0.40; No. 2, \$0.35; No. 3, \$0.30; No. 4, \$0.25; No. 5, \$0.20; No. 6, \$0.15; No. 7, \$0.10; No. 8, \$0.05.  
CATTLE—No. 1, \$1.00; No. 2, \$0.95; No. 3, \$0.90; No. 4, \$0.85; No. 5, \$0.80; No. 6, \$0.75; No. 7, \$0.70; No. 8, \$0.65; No. 9, \$0.60; No. 10, \$0.55; No. 11, \$0.50; No. 12, \$0.45; No. 13, \$0.40; No. 14, \$0.35; No. 15, \$0.30; No. 16, \$0.25; No. 17, \$0.20; No. 18, \$0.15; No. 19, \$0.10; No. 20, \$0.05.  
PORK—No. 1, \$1.00; No. 2, \$0.95; No. 3, \$0.90; No. 4, \$0.85; No. 5, \$0.80; No. 6, \$0.75; No. 7, \$0.70; No. 8, \$0.65; No. 9, \$0.60; No. 10, \$0.55; No. 11, \$0.50; No. 12, \$0.45; No. 13, \$0.40; No. 14, \$0.35; No. 15, \$0.30; No. 16, \$0.25; No. 17, \$0.20; No. 18, \$0.15; No. 19, \$0.10; No. 20, \$0.05.  
LARD—No. 1, \$0.50; No. 2, \$0.45; No. 3, \$0.40; No. 4, \$0.35; No. 5, \$0.30; No. 6, \$0.25; No. 7, \$0.20; No. 8, \$0.15; No. 9, \$0.10; No. 10, \$0.05.  
SUGAR—No. 1, \$0.50; No. 2, \$0.45; No. 3, \$0.40; No. 4, \$0.35; No. 5, \$0.30; No. 6, \$0.25; No. 7, \$0.20; No. 8, \$0.15; No. 9, \$0.10; No. 10, \$0.05.  
COFFEE—No. 1, \$0.50; No. 2, \$0.45; No. 3, \$0.40; No. 4, \$0.35; No. 5, \$0.30; No. 6, \$0.25; No. 7, \$0.20; No. 8, \$0.15; No. 9, \$0.10; No. 10, \$0.05.  
TEA—No. 1, \$0.50; No. 2, \$0.45; No. 3, \$0.40; No. 4, \$0.35; No. 5, \$0.30; No. 6, \$0.25; No. 7, \$0.20; No. 8, \$0.15; No. 9, \$0.10; No. 10, \$0.05.  
SPICES—No. 1, \$0.50; No. 2, \$0.45; No. 3, \$0.40; No. 4, \$0.35; No. 5, \$0.30; No. 6, \$0.25; No. 7, \$0.20; No. 8, \$0.15; No. 9, \$0.10; No. 10, \$0.05.  
HOPS—No. 1, \$0.50; No. 2, \$0.45; No. 3, \$0.40; No. 4, \$0.35; No. 5, \$0.30; No. 6, \$0.25; No. 7, \$0.20; No. 8, \$0.15; No. 9, \$0.10; No. 10, \$0.05.  
MALT—No. 1, \$0.50; No. 2, \$0.45; No. 3, \$0.40; No. 4, \$0.35; No. 5, \$0.30; No. 6, \$0.25; No. 7, \$0.20; No. 8, \$0.15; No. 9, \$0.10; No. 10, \$0.05.  
BARLEY—No. 1, \$0.50; No. 2, \$0.45; No. 3, \$0.40; No. 4, \$0.35; No. 5, \$0.30; No. 6, \$0.25; No. 7, \$0.20; No. 8, \$0.15; No. 9, \$0.10; No. 10, \$0.05.  
OATS—No. 1, \$0.50; No. 2, \$0.45; No. 3, \$0.40; No. 4, \$0.35; No. 5, \$0.30; No. 6, \$0.25; No. 7, \$0.20; No. 8, \$0.15; No. 9, \$0.10; No. 10, \$0.05.  
RICE—No. 1, \$0.50; No. 2, \$0.45; No. 3, \$0.40; No. 4, \$0.35; No. 5, \$0.30; No. 6, \$0.25; No. 7, \$0.20; No. 8, \$0.15; No. 9, \$0.10; No. 10, \$0.05.  
WHEAT—No. 1, \$1.00; No. 2, \$0.95; No. 3, \$0.90; No. 4, \$0.85; No. 5, \$0.80; No. 6, \$0.75; No. 7, \$0.70; No. 8, \$0.65; No. 9, \$0.60; No. 10, \$0.55; No. 11, \$0.50; No. 12, \$0.45; No. 13, \$0.40; No. 14, \$0.35; No. 15, \$0.30; No. 16, \$0.25; No. 17, \$0.20; No. 18, \$0.15; No. 19, \$0.10; No. 20, \$0.05.  
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COFFEE—No. 1, \$0.50; No. 2, \$0.45; No. 3, \$0.40; No. 4, \$0.35; No. 5, \$0.30; No. 6, \$0.25; No. 7, \$0.20; No. 8, \$0.15; No. 9, \$0.10; No. 10, \$0.05.  
TEA—No. 1, \$0.50; No. 2, \$0.45; No. 3, \$0.40; No. 4, \$0.35; No. 5, \$0.30; No. 6, \$0.25; No. 7, \$0.20; No. 8, \$0.15; No. 9, \$0.10; No. 10, \$0.05.  
SPICES—No. 1, \$0.50; No. 2, \$0.45; No. 3, \$0.40; No. 4, \$0.35; No. 5, \$0.30; No. 6, \$0.25; No. 7, \$0.20; No. 8, \$0.15; No. 9, \$0.10; No. 10, \$0.05.  
HOPS—No. 1, \$0.50; No. 2, \$0.45; No. 3, \$0.40; No. 4, \$0.35; No. 5, \$0.30; No. 6, \$0.25; No. 7, \$0.20; No. 8, \$0.15; No. 9, \$0.10; No. 10, \$0.05.  
MALT—No. 1, \$0.50; No. 2, \$0.45; No. 3, \$0.40; No. 4, \$0.35; No. 5, \$0.30; No. 6, \$0.25; No. 7, \$0.20; No. 8, \$0.15; No. 9, \$0.10; No. 10, \$0.05.  
BARLEY—No. 1, \$0.50; No. 2, \$0.45; No. 3, \$0.40; No. 4, \$0.35; No. 5, \$0.30; No. 6, \$0.25; No. 7, \$0.20; No. 8, \$0.15; No. 9, \$0.10; No. 10, \$0.05.  
OATS—No. 1, \$0.50; No. 2, \$0.45; No. 3, \$0.40; No. 4, \$0.35; No. 5, \$0.30; No. 6, \$0.25; No. 7, \$0.20; No. 8, \$0.15; No. 9, \$0.10; No. 10, \$0.05.  
RICE—No. 1, \$0.50; No. 2, \$0.45; No. 3, \$0.40; No. 4, \$0.35; No. 5, \$0.30; No. 6, \$0.25; No. 7, \$0.20; No. 8, \$0.15; No. 9, \$0.10; No. 10, \$0.05.  
WHEAT—No. 1, \$1.00; No. 2, \$0.95; No. 3, \$0.90; No. 4, \$0.85; No. 5, \$0.80; No. 6, \$0.75; No. 7, \$0.70; No. 8, \$0.65; No. 9, \$0.60; No. 10, \$0.55; No. 11, \$0.50; No. 12, \$0.45; No. 13, \$0.40; No. 14, \$0.35; No. 15, \$0.30; No. 16, \$0.25; No. 17, \$0.20; No. 18, \$0.15; No. 19, \$0.10; No. 20, \$0.05.  
CORN—No. 1, \$0.50; No. 2, \$0.45; No. 3, \$0.40; No. 4, \$0.35; No. 5, \$0.30; No. 6, \$0.25; No. 7, \$0.20; No. 8, \$0.15; No. 9, \$0.10; No. 10, \$0.05.  
SOYBEANS—No. 1, \$0.40; No. 2, \$0.35; No. 3, \$0.30; No. 4, \$0.25; No. 5, \$0.20; No. 6, \$0.15; No. 7, \$0.10; No. 8, \$0.05.  
CATTLE—No. 1, \$1.00; No. 2, \$0.95; No. 3, \$0.90; No. 4, \$0.85; No. 5, \$0.80; No. 6, \$0.75; No. 7, \$0.70; No. 8, \$0.65; No. 9, \$0.60; No. 10, \$0.55; No. 11, \$0.50; No. 12, \$0.45; No. 13, \$0.40; No. 14, \$0.35; No. 15, \$0.30; No. 16, \$0.25; No. 17, \$0.20; No. 18, \$0.15; No. 19, \$0.10; No. 20, \$0.05.  
PORK—No. 1, \$1.00; No. 2, \$0.95; No. 3, \$0.90; No. 4, \$0.85; No. 5, \$0.80; No. 6, \$0.75; No. 7, \$0.70; No. 8, \$0.65; No. 9, \$0.60; No. 10, \$0.55; No. 11, \$0.50; No. 12, \$0.45; No. 13, \$0.40; No. 14, \$0.35; No. 15, \$0.30; No. 16, \$0.25; No. 17, \$0.20; No. 18, \$0.15; No. 19, \$0.10; No. 20, \$0.05.  
LARD—No. 1, \$0.50; No. 2, \$0.45; No. 3, \$0.40; No. 4, \$0.35; No. 5, \$0.30; No. 6, \$0.25; No. 7, \$0.20; No. 8, \$0.15; No. 9, \$0.10; No. 10, \$0.05.  
SUGAR—No. 1, \$0.50; No. 2, \$0.45; No. 3, \$0.40; No. 4, \$0.35; No. 5, \$0.30; No. 6, \$0.25; No. 7, \$0.20; No. 8, \$0.15; No. 9, \$0.10; No. 10, \$0.05.  
COFFEE—No. 1, \$0.50; No. 2, \$0.45; No. 3, \$0.40; No. 4, \$0.35; No. 5, \$0.30; No. 6, \$0.25; No. 7, \$0.20; No. 8, \$0.15; No. 9, \$0.10; No. 10, \$0.05.  
TEA—No. 1, \$0.50; No. 2, \$0.45; No. 3, \$0.40; No. 4, \$0.35; No. 5, \$0.30; No. 6, \$0.25; No. 7, \$0.20; No. 8, \$0.15; No. 9, \$0.10; No. 10, \$0.05.  
SPICES—No. 1, \$0.50; No. 2, \$0.45; No. 3, \$0.40; No. 4, \$0.35; No. 5, \$0.30; No. 6, \$0.25; No. 7, \$0.20; No. 8, \$0.15; No. 9, \$0.10; No. 10, \$0.05.  
HOPS—No. 1, \$0.50; No. 2, \$0.45; No. 3, \$0.40; No. 4, \$0.35; No. 5, \$0.30; No. 6, \$0.25; No. 7, \$0.20; No. 8, \$0.15; No. 9, \$0.10; No. 10, \$0.05.  
MALT—No. 1, \$0.50; No. 2, \$0.45; No. 3, \$0.40; No. 4, \$0.35; No. 5, \$0.30; No. 6, \$0.25; No. 7, \$0.20; No. 8, \$0.15; No. 9, \$0.10; No. 10, \$0.05.  
BARLEY—No. 1, \$0.50; No. 2, \$0.45; No. 3, \$0.40; No. 4, \$0.35; No. 5, \$0.30; No. 6, \$0.25; No. 7, \$0.20; No. 8, \$0.15; No. 9, \$0.10; No. 10, \$0.05.  
OATS—No. 1, \$0.50; No. 2, \$0.45; No. 3, \$0.40; No. 4, \$0.35; No. 5, \$0.30; No. 6, \$0.25; No. 7, \$0.20; No. 8, \$0.15; No. 9, \$0.10; No. 10, \$0.05.  
RICE—No. 1, \$0.50; No. 2, \$0.45; No. 3, \$0.40; No. 4, \$0.35; No. 5, \$0.30; No. 6, \$0.25; No. 7, \$0.20; No. 8, \$0.15; No. 9, \$0.10; No. 10, \$0.05.  
WHEAT—No. 1, \$1.00; No. 2, \$0.95; No. 3, \$0.90; No. 4, \$0.85; No. 5, \$0.80; No. 6, \$0.75; No. 7, \$0.70; No. 8, \$0.65; No. 9, \$0.60; No. 10, \$0.55; No. 11, \$0.50; No. 12, \$0.45; No. 13, \$0.40; No. 14, \$0.35; No. 15, \$0.30; No. 16, \$0.25; No. 17, \$0.20; No. 18, \$0.15; No. 19, \$0.10; No. 20, \$0.05.  
CORN—No. 1, \$0.50; No. 2, \$0.45; No. 3, \$0.40; No. 4, \$0.35; No. 5, \$0.30; No. 6, \$0.25; No. 7, \$0.20; No. 8, \$0.15; No. 9, \$0.10; No. 10, \$0.05.  
SOYBEANS—No. 1, \$0.40; No. 2, \$0.35; No. 3, \$0.30; No. 4, \$0.25; No. 5, \$0.20; No. 6, \$0.15; No. 7, \$0.10; No. 8, \$0.05.  
CATTLE—No. 1, \$1.00; No. 2, \$0.95; No. 3, \$0.90; No. 4, \$0.85; No. 5, \$0.80; No. 6, \$0.75; No. 7, \$0.70; No. 8, \$0.65; No. 9, \$0.60; No. 10, \$0.55; No. 11, \$0.50; No. 12, \$0.45; No. 13, \$0.40; No. 14, \$0.35; No. 15, \$0.30; No. 16, \$0.25; No. 17, \$0.20; No. 18, \$0.15; No. 19, \$0.10; No. 20, \$0.05.  
PORK—No. 1, \$1.00; No. 2, \$0.95; No. 3, \$0.90; No. 4, \$0.85; No. 5, \$0.80; No. 6, \$0.75; No. 7, \$0.70; No. 8, \$0.65; No. 9, \$0.60; No. 10, \$0.55; No. 11, \$0.50; No. 12, \$0.45; No. 13, \$0.40; No. 14, \$0.35; No. 15, \$0.30; No. 16, \$0.25; No. 17, \$0.20; No. 18, \$0.15; No. 19, \$0.10; No. 20, \$0.05.  
LARD—No. 1, \$0.50; No. 2, \$0.45; No. 3, \$0.40; No. 4, \$0.35; No. 5, \$0.30; No. 6, \$0.25; No. 7, \$0.20; No. 8, \$0.15; No. 9, \$0.10; No. 10, \$0.05.  
SUGAR—No. 1, \$0.50; No. 2, \$0.45; No. 3, \$0.40; No. 4, \$0.35; No. 5, \$0.30; No. 6, \$0.25; No. 7, \$0.20; No. 8, \$0.15; No. 9, \$0.10; No. 10, \$0.05.  
COFFEE—No. 1, \$0.50; No. 2, \$